Claims

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Cancel all claims of record and substitute amended claims 1, 4-6, 8, 11, 12, 15, and original claims 2, 3, 7, 9, 10, 13, 14, 16-19.

- 1. (currently amended): An apparatus for the collection and focusing of gas-phase ions 1 at or near atmospheric pressure for the introduction of said ions into an analytical 2 apparatus, the apparatus comprising: 3
- a. a dispersive source of ions. 4
 - b. a stratified body consisting comprised of a plurality of elements, said elements comprise alternating layers of metal electrodes and insulating material, each said electrode having successively smaller apertures wherein said apertures form an ion-funnel having an entry at largest aperture of first metal electrode and an exit at smallest aperture of last metal electrode, said smallest aperture forming inlet aperture into said analytical apparatus;
 - c. first means for maintaining a potential difference between said ion source and said metal electrode with largest aperture whereby electrostatic filed at said metal aperture with largest aperture which is equal to that required to pass substantially all said ions through said largest aperture into said ion funnel;
 - d. second means for maintaining a potential difference along the axis of said ion funnel whereby electrostatic fields is equal to that required to pass substantially all said ions through said ion funnel, through said inlet aperture, and into said analytical apparatus.
- 2. (original): Apparatus as in claim 1 wherein said analytical apparatus comprises a 1 mass spectrometer or ion mobility spectrometer or combination thereof. 2
- 3. (original): Apparatus as in claim 1 wherein said inlet aperture comprises a 1 conductive end of a capillary tube, wherein said capillary tube is the atmospheric 2 or near atmospheric pressure inlet to the vacuum chamber of a mass 3 4 spectrometer.

- 4. (currently amended): Apparatus as in claim **1** wherein said gas-phase ions are formed by means of atmospheric or near atmospheric <u>pressure</u> ionization, electrospray, atmospheric pressure chemical ionization, laser desorption, photoionization, or discharge ionization sources; or a combination thereof.
- 5. (currently amended): Apparatus in claim 1 further including a pure gas supplied in such a way between the said inlet aperture and upstream adjacent metal laminate, whereby substantially all said gas flows into and out through said ion funnel flowing counter to trajectories of said gas-phase ions.
- 6. (currently amended): An apparatus for the collection and focusing of gas-phase ions
 or charged particles at or near atmospheric pressure for the introduction of said ions
 into the vacuum system of a mass spectrometer, the apparatus comprising:
- 4 a. a dispersive source of ions.

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- b. a laminated high-transmission surface populated with a plurality of openings
 through which substantially all said ions pass unobstructed, said laminated high
 transmission surface having a <u>an</u> insulating base and metal laminate on topside
 and underside of said insulating base;
- c. a stratified body consisting comprised of a plurality of elements, said elements comprise alternating layers of metal and insulating laminates, each said element having successively smaller apertures wherein said apertures form an ion-funnel having an entry at the largest aperture of first metal laminate and an exit at the smallest aperture of last metal electrode said smallest aperture forming inlet aperture into said vacuum system, whereby approximately all said ions from said ion source pass unobstructed into said vacuum system of said mass spectrometer;
 - d. first means for maintaining a potential between said ion source and said laminated high transmission surface which is equal to that required to cause

10. (original): Apparatus in claim 6 further including funnel-focusing and ring

electrodes incorporated in said metal laminate on underside of said insulating

base, said funnel-focusing and ring electrodes are supplied with fourth and fifth

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electrostatic potentials, said funnel-focusing electrode is on-axis with said inlet aperture while said ring electrode is axial symmetric with said focusing electrode, wherein said funnel-focusing and ring electrode shape the electrostatic field lines between said high transmission surface and said entry of said ion funnel, wherein substantially all said ions passing through said laminated surface are directed into said entry of said ion funnel and pass through said ion funnel into said vacuum system of a mass spectrometer.

(Sheehan et al.)

- 11. (currently amended): Apparatus in claim 6 further including particle stop in said metal laminate on topside of said insulating base, said particle stop is an electrode that shapes aides in shaping the electrostatic field lines at the top surface of said laminated high transmission surface between said high transmission surface, wherein substantially all said ions are diverted away from said particle stop and pass through said laminated surface and substantially all neutral particles from said ion source impact on said particle stop.
- 12. (currently amended): A Method method for the collection and transfer of charged particles or ions from a highly dispersive area or source at or near atmospheric pressure and focusing approximately all said charged particles or ions into a mass spectrometer for gas-phase ion analysis, the method comprising:
 - a. providing a perforated laminated high-transmission surface populated with a plurality of holes made up of an insulating base and metal laminates contiguous with topside and underside of said base;
 - b. applying an electrostatic potential gradient across said laminated surface, such that electrostatic field lines between said ion source and said laminated surface are concentrated into said holes wherein substantially all said ions in said ion source are directed through said holes into a focusing region downstream of said laminated high-transmission surface;
 - c. providing electrostatic attraction to said ions in said focusing region with an electrostatic field generated by a stratified body or ion funnel, said ion funnel

Appn. Number: 10/661,842

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- d. directing substantially all said ions from said focusing region into said entry and out of said inlet aperture, thereby focusing said charged particles into said mass spectrometer.
 - 13. (original): The method of claim 12 further comprising the step of directing ions as they exit said inlet aperture by providing electrostatic or oscillatory potentials to lens or electrodes, or combination thereof, in said mass spectrometer.
 - 14. (original): The method of claim 12 further comprising the step of directing a flow of gas counter to the trajectories of said ions as they are directed through said ion funnel.
- 15. (currently amended): A Method method for the collection and transfer of charged particles or ions from a highly dispersive area or source at or near atmospheric pressure and focusing approximately all said charged particles or ions into a mass spectrometer for gas-phase ion analysis, the method comprising:
 - a. providing a stratified body or ion funnel made up of alternating electrodes and insulating bases, each said electrode and base having successively smaller apertures, having an entry at the largest apertures of first electrode and an exit or inlet aperture at the smallest aperture of last electrode;

step of directing a flow of gas counter to the trajectories of said ions as they

are directed through said ion funnel.

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